## **ATHLETES WITH PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT**

## **Eligible Impairment Types**

The three Paracanoe eligible impairments are marked with \*.

Eligible Impairment	Examples of Heath Conditions
*Impaired Muscle Power* Athletes with Impaired Muscle Power have a Health Condition that either reduces or eliminates their ability to voluntarily contract their muscles in order to move or to generate force. (Upper limbs excluded)	Examples of an Underlying Health Condition that can lead to Impaired Muscle Power include spinal cord injury (complete or incomplete, tetra-or paraplegia or paraparesis), muscular dystrophy, post-polio syndrome and spina bifida.
*Limb Deficiency * Athletes with Limb Deficiency have total or partial absence of bones or joints as a consequence of trauma. (Upper limbs excluded)	Examples of an Underlying Health Condition that can lead to Limb Deficiency include: traumatic amputation, illness (for example amputation due to bone cancer) or congenital limb deficiency (for example dysmelia).
* Impaired Passive Range of Movement * Athletes with Impaired Passive Range of Movement have a restriction or a lack of passive movement in one or more joints. (Upper limbs excluded)	Examples of an Underlying Health Condition that can lead to Impaired Passive Range of Movement include athrogryposis and contracture resulting from chronic joint immobilisation or trauma affecting a joint.

Paracanoe ineligible physical impairments include:

Leg Length Difference Short Stature Hypertonia Ataxia Athetosis

Other sports offer opportunities for the other physical impairments.